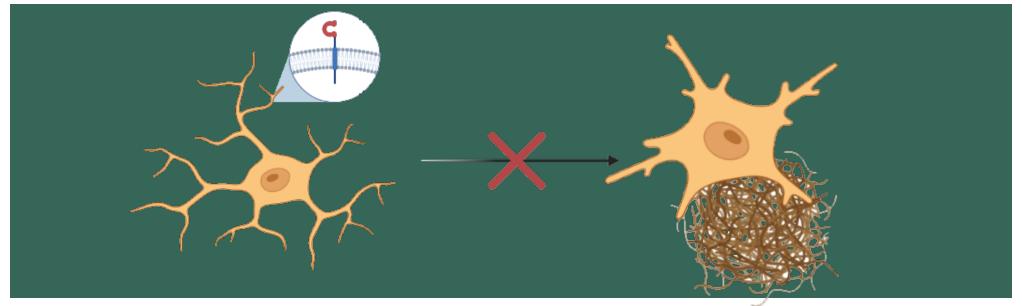
Alzheimer's Disease

Rescuing Microglial response by restoring TREM2 correct expression via gene therapy



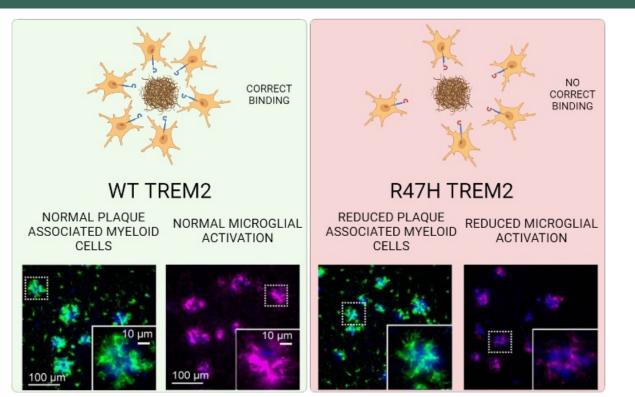
Eminente Sofia, Fenili Gianmarco, De Vincenzi Eleonora, Prosperi Giorgio

BACKGROUND

R47H mutation in TREM2 has been strongly associated with an increased risk of Alzheimer's disease.

R47H mutation in TREM2 has an AD-related effect size similar to the well-characterized ApoE ϵ 4 allele.

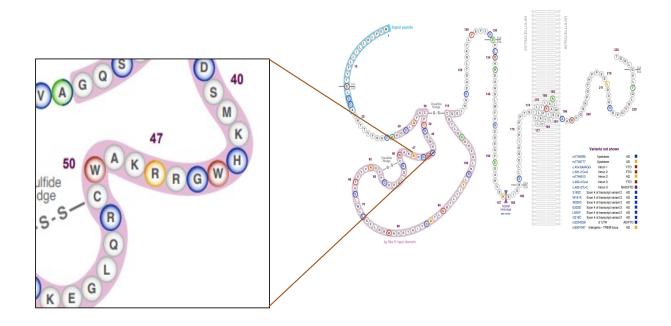
Trem2^{+/R47H} variant compromises myeloid cell response to AD-like amyloid pathology.



MICROGLIA (IBAI) AROUND PLAQUES (6 E10) AND THEIR ACTIVATION (CD45)

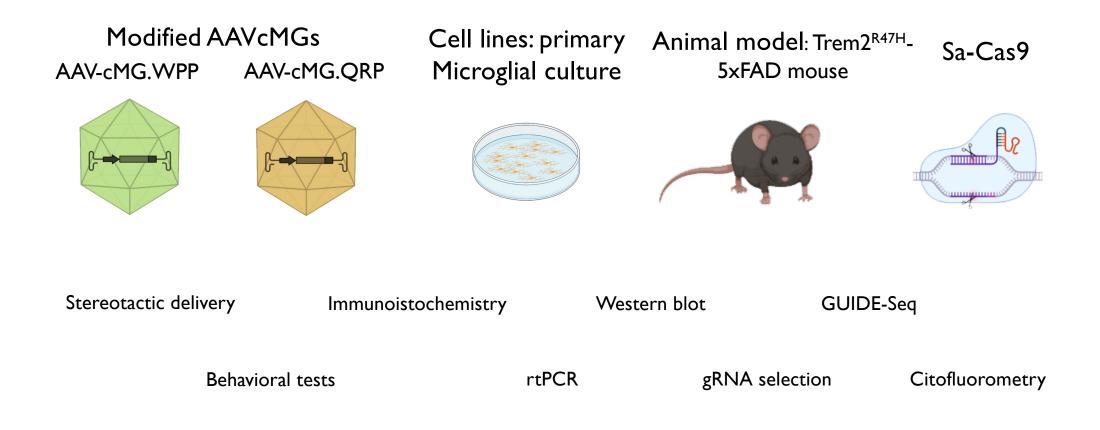
AIM OF THE PROJECT

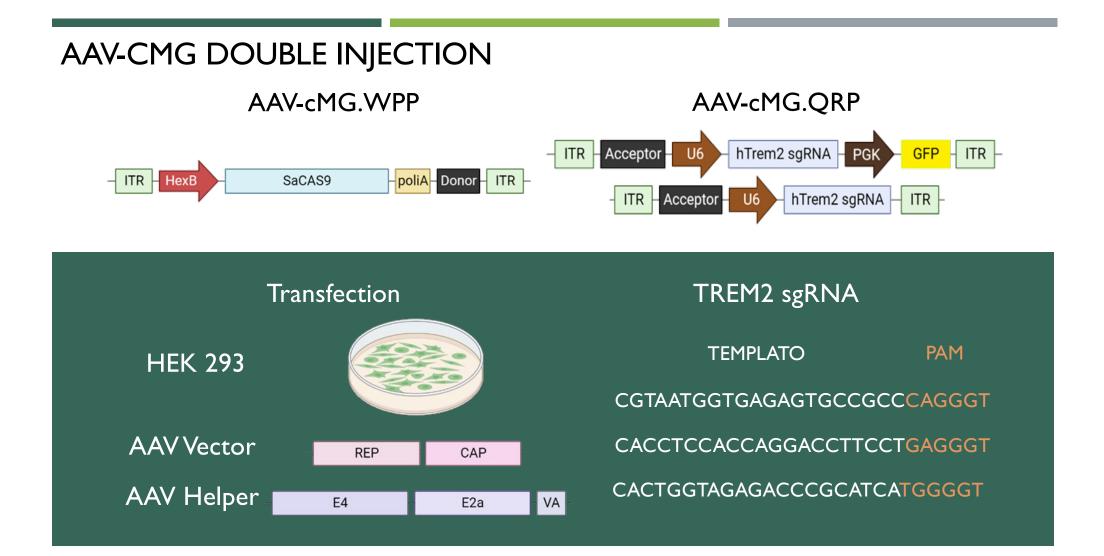
Can gene therapy rescue the DAM-phenotype in TREM2^{R47H} positive microglia?

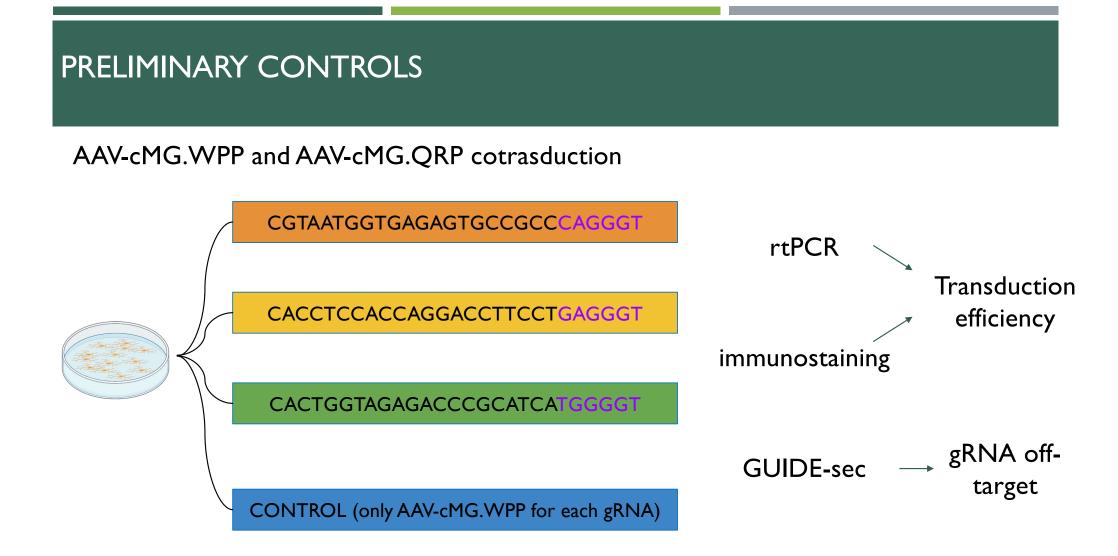


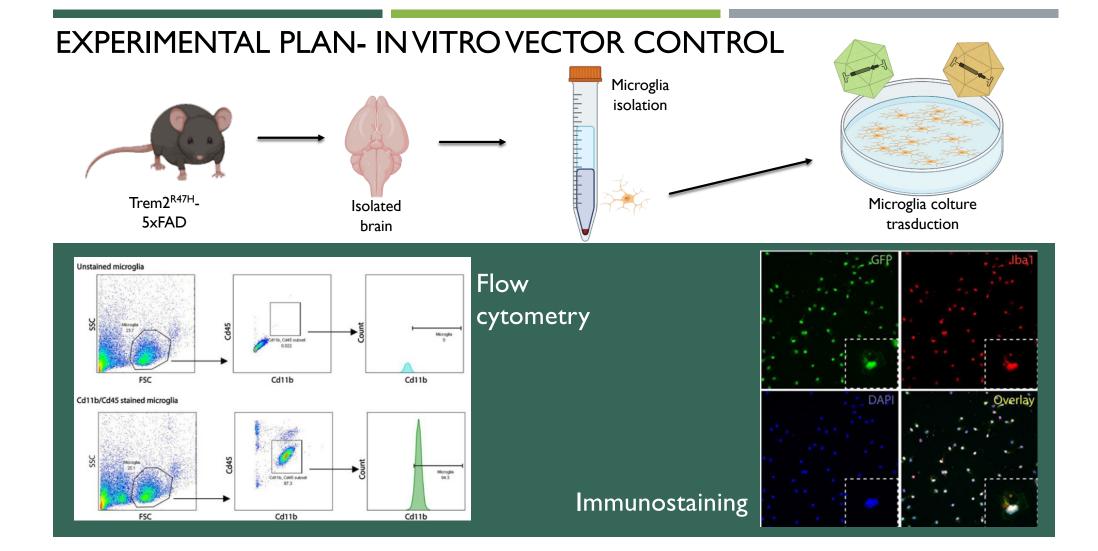
Our aim is to repair the SN mutation through Crispr/Cas9 in AD patients microglia therefore promoting Aβ phagocytosis and slowing down the progression of the disease.

MATERIALS AND METHODS







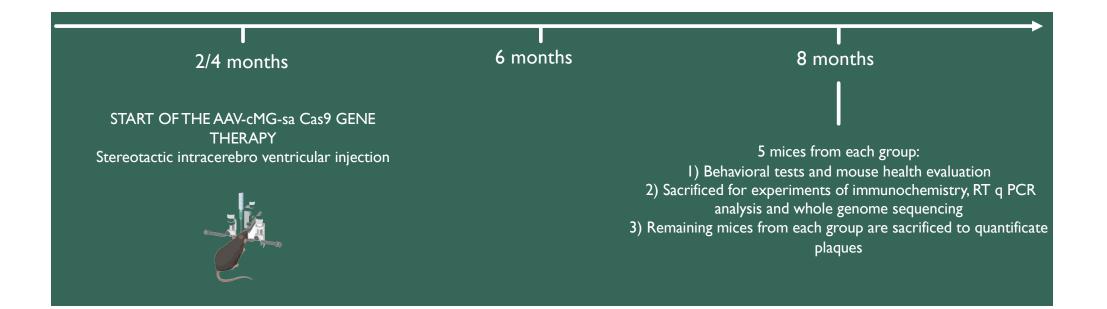


EXPERIMENTAL PLAN – IN VIVO

OUR SUBJECTS:

• Trem2^{+/R47H}5XFAD treated with AAV cMG - saCas9 (n=14)

- Trem2^{+/R47H}5XFAD treated with AAV cMG.WPP (no AAV cMG.QRP) (n=12)
 - Trem2^{+/R47H}5XFAD untreated (n=12)
 - Trem2^{+/+}-5XFAD (n=10)



RESULTS – IN VIVO

Phenotype profiles were compared using immunoistochemistry, WGS and RT q PCR showing a similar phenotype between groups, in line with the mutation correction.

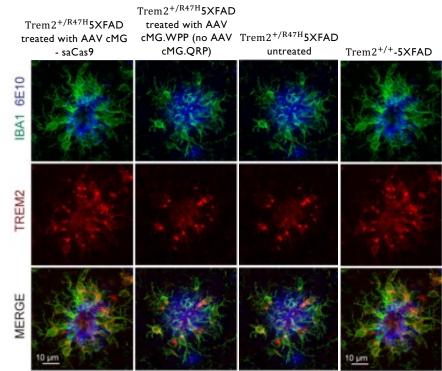
WHOLE GENOME SEQUENCING

No off-targets Successful correction of Trem2 in Trem2^{+/R47H}5XFAD treated with AAV cMG saCas9.

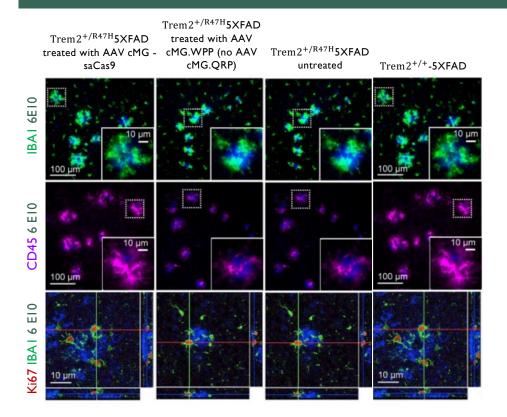
RT – q PCR ANALYSIS

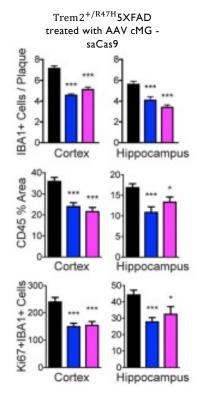
Upregulation of microglia activationrelated transcripts in Trem2^{+/R47H}5XFAD treated with AAV cMG -saCas9 compared to control.

IMMUNOISTOCHEMISTRY IN CORTEX



RESULTS - IN VIVO



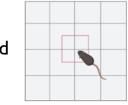


BEHAVIORAL TESTS AND MOUSE HEALTH EVALUATION



Morris Water Maze

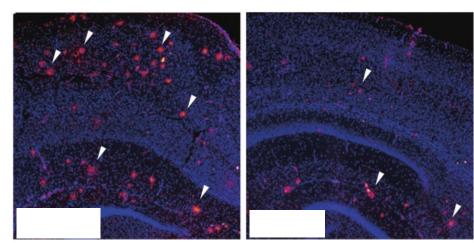
Novel Object Recognition



Open Field

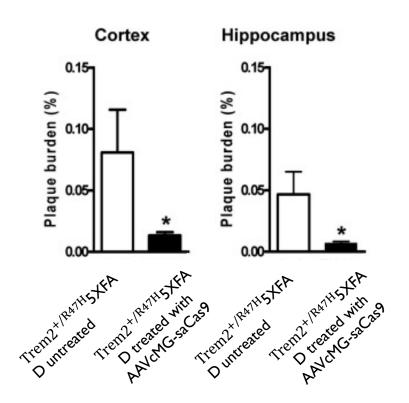


RESULTS - IN VIVO



Trem2^{+/R47H}5XFAD untreated

Trem2^{+/R47H}5XFAD treated with AAVcMG-saCas9



CONCLUSIONS

Treatment with AAVcMG-saCas9 successfully restores Trem2 expression in both primary microglial coltures and Trem $2^{+/R47H}$ 5XFAD mice.

Restoring Trem2 expression in Trem2^{+/R47H}5XFAD mice significantly increases DAM profile in cortex and hippocampus microglial population and reduces β amyloid plaques in cortex and hippocampus.

PITFALLS

To this day to it is inefficient to deliver our gene therapy without neurosurgery.

This treatment is possible only in subjects with TREM2 R47H mutation.

Double trasduction widely decrease trasduction efficency

FUTURE PERSPECTIVES

This will be the first gene therapy approach to target specifically and directly microglia.

Development of modified aav capsids that can both overcome the BBB and target microglia will be key to bring this kind of therapy in humans.

COSTS FOR A 2 YEARS WORK

	SOURCE	COST
Mice	Colonna lab, Washingthon university.	Collaboration with Colonna lab
Whole Genome Seq		4500 euro/sample
Antibodies	https://www.antibodies- online.com/	5700 euro
rtPCR kit	https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/	890 euro
Manpower (1 PI, 2 doctorates, 1 lab tec)		6500 euro/month
AAV-MG	National Institute of Biological Sciences (NIBS), Beijing, China.	3650 euro
Plasmids		10000 euro
Citofluorometria		1600 euro