



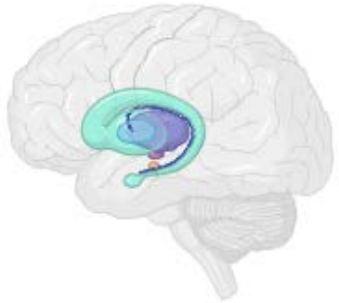
SAPIENZA
UNIVERSITÀ DI ROMA

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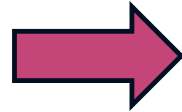
NEUROFERRITINOPATHY

GENETHERAPY FOR THE SILENCING OF THE EXPRESSION OF THE FTL498INSTC GENE IN MICE
MODELS WITH IRON ACCUMULATION IN THE STRIATUM AND MOTOR CORTEX

BACKGROUND

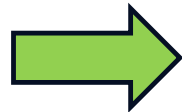


WHAT IS IT?

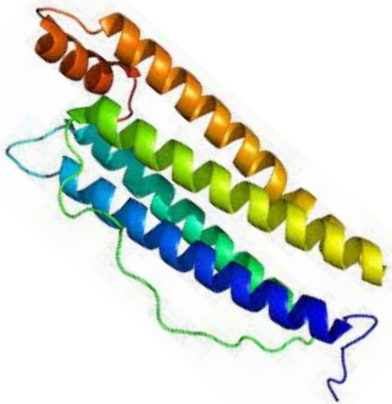


Autosomal dominant neurodegenerative disorder caused by accumulation of iron and **ferritin**, particularly **basal ganglia, motor cortex and cerebellum**

SYMPTOMS



Chorea dystonia, cognitive deficits, kinesthesia cerebellar, dysarthria and orofacial dyskinesia



GENETIC BOLD

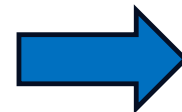


1/3 cases per million
FTL498InsTC: insertion into the **FTL gene** which causes:

- Peptide C-terminal 16aa elongation.
- Substitution of 9aa.

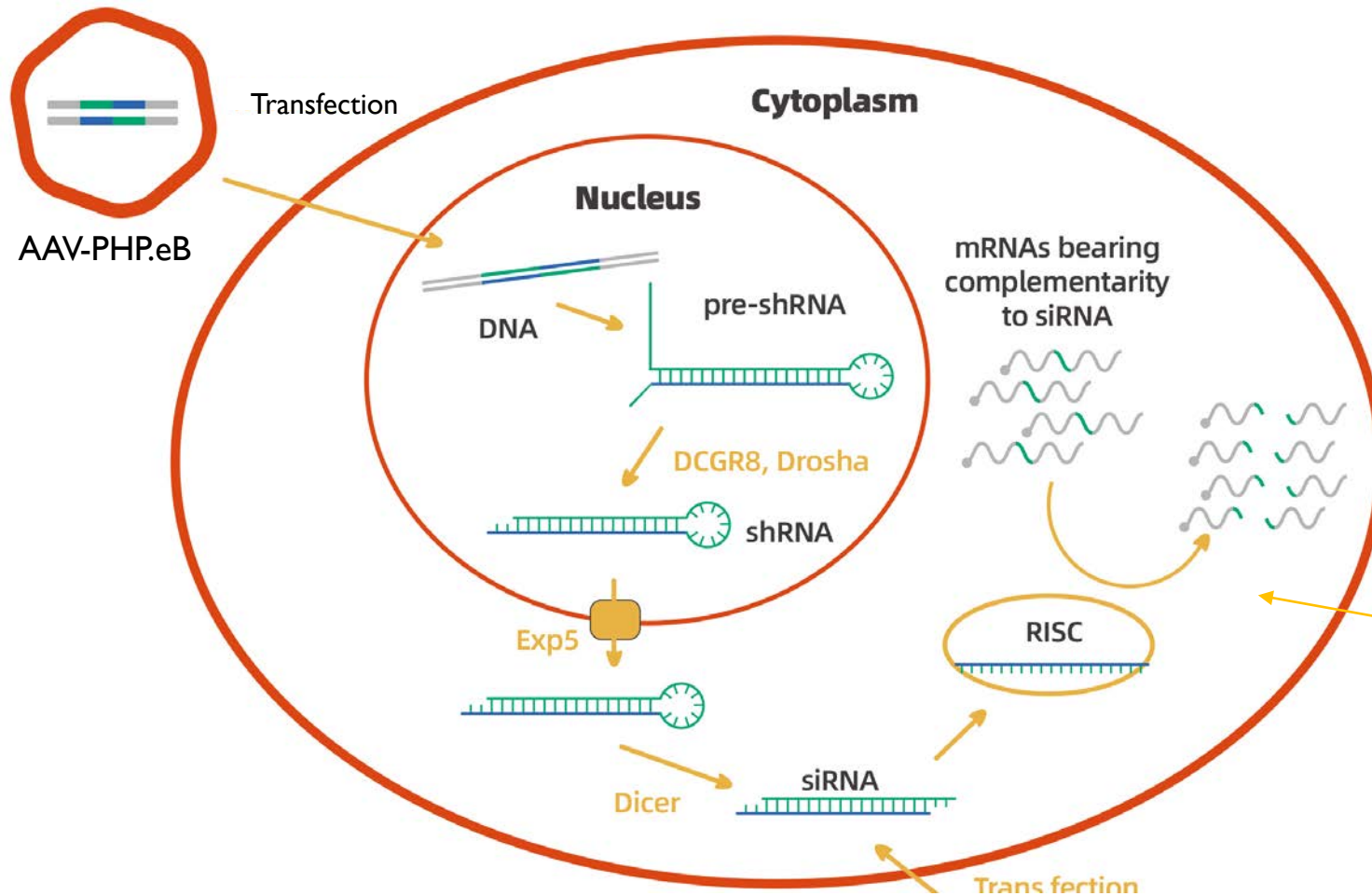
The mutation is present only in **heterozygosity**

ETIOPATHOGENESIS

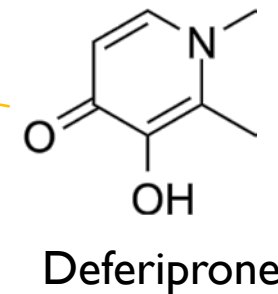


Mutated FTL does not allow the correct assembly of ferritin, causing an increase in oxidative stress and protein accumulation, at the basis of the **FERROPTOSIS**

AIMS OF THE PROJECT

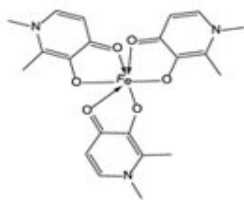
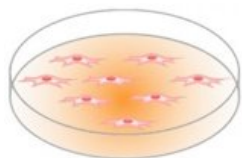
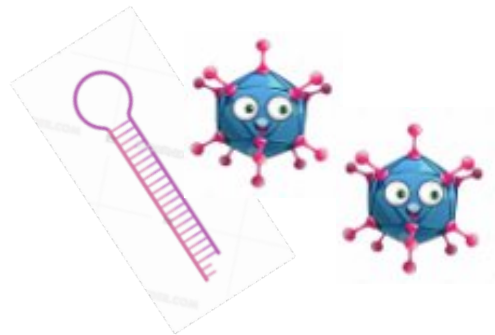


- Using short hairpin RNA (shRNA) inserted in AAV-PHP.eB engineered, to silence mutated FTL, especially in striatum and cortex.
- Combination of pharmacological and genetic approach with DFP, an iron chelator, in order to reduce iron concentration both in neurons and at systemic level.



EXPERIMENTAL PLAN

IN VITRO



IN VIVO

IN VIVO EXPERIMENT

4 MONTH

Injection of mCherry-AAV-PHP.eB-shRNA and DFP



Analysis

18 MONTH

Immunohistochemistry and immunofluorescence

4

START

3 MONTH

Transgenic mouse expressing human gene FTL498 InsTC

5

6

Behavioral tests

12 MONTH

Rotarod

7



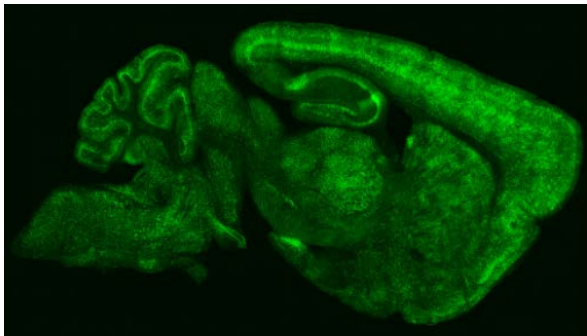
AAV-PHP.EB-FTL498InsTC-shRNA

PHP.eB

FTL498InsTC-shRNA

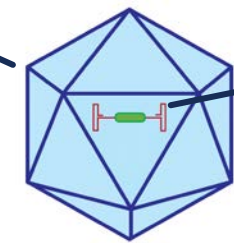
Position 586
 Heptamer insertion site

AAV9	SAQ	A
PHP.B	SAQTLAVPFKA	
PHP.eB	SDGTLAVPFKA	

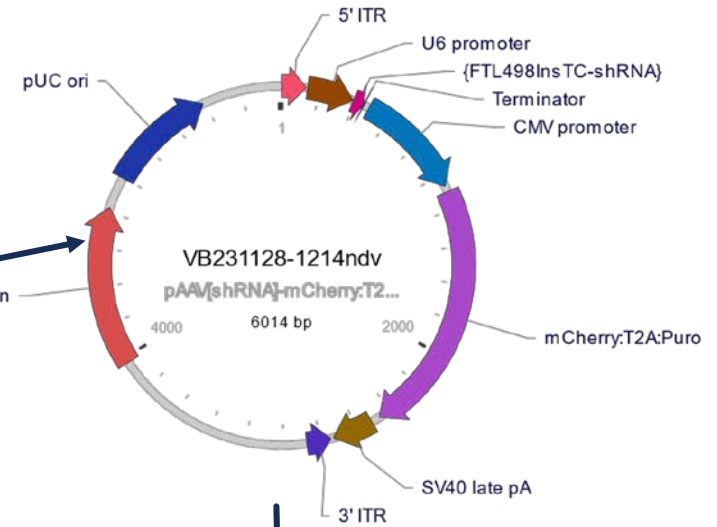


Cap

Tropism



Viral vector



Plasmid

- Target sequence (21 BP)
- Loop sequence (6 bp)
- Guide sequence (21 bp)

```
TCTTCGAAAGGCTCACTCTCA C T C
AGAAGCTTTCGAGTGAGAGT G A G
```

shRNA

Target

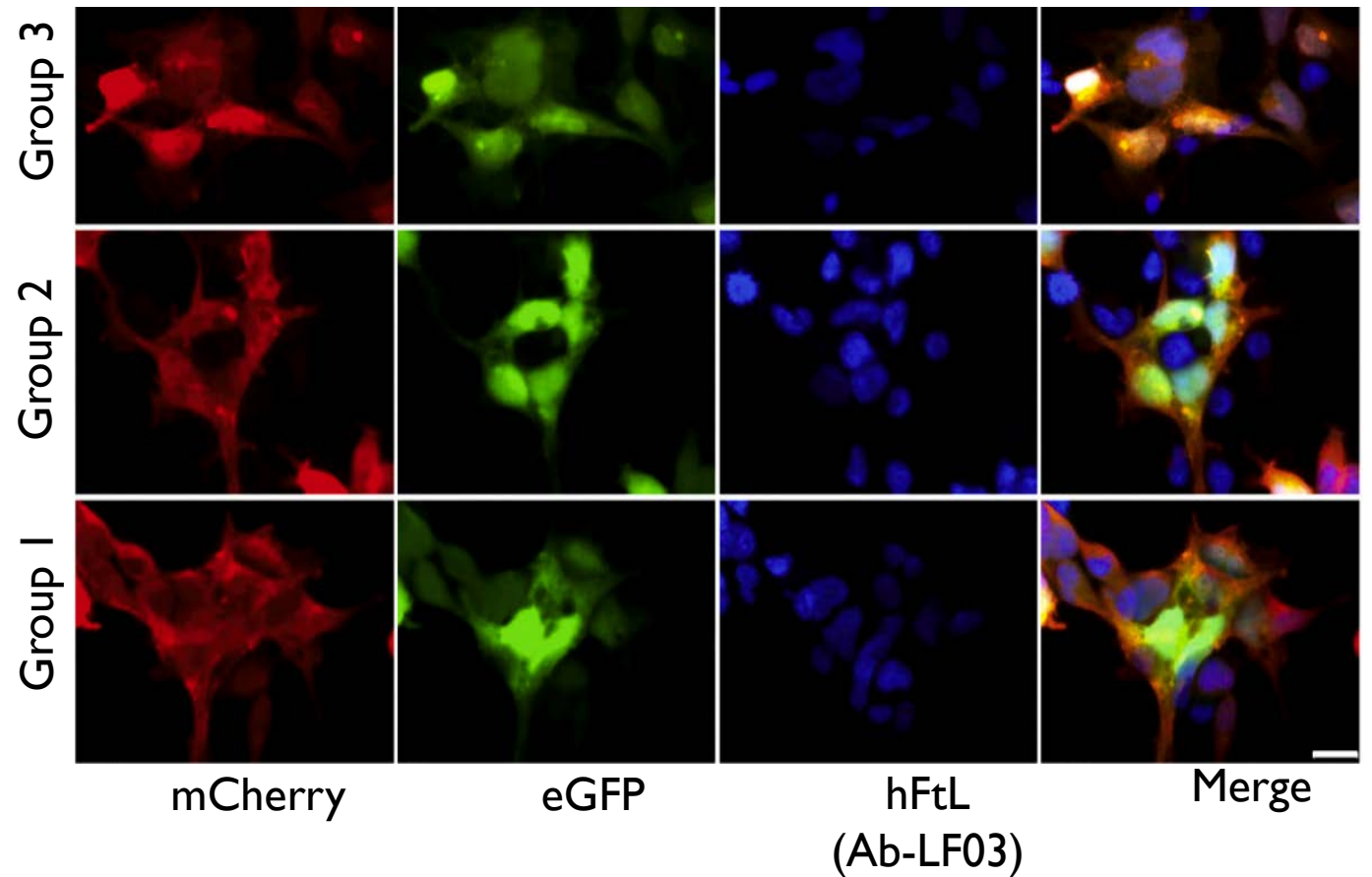
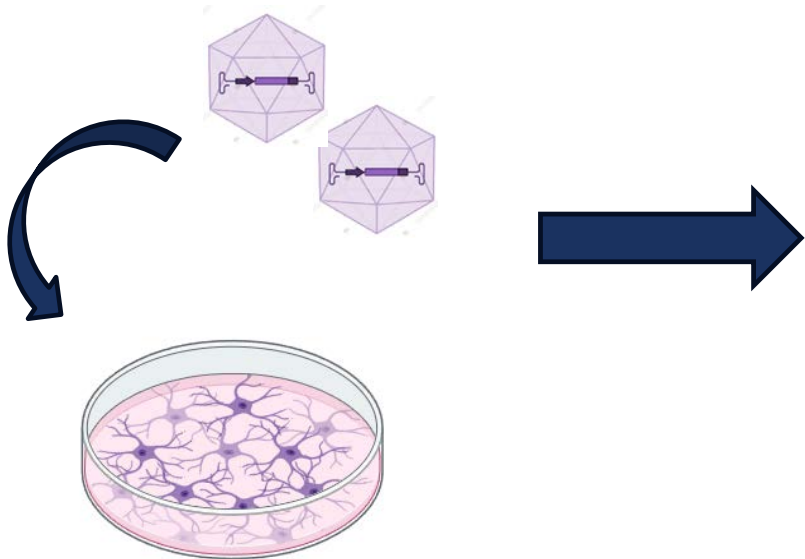
```
5'-
AACCUCCACAGGCUGGGUGGCCCG
GAGGCUGGGCUGGGCGAGUAUCUC
UCU UCG AAA GGC UCA CUC
UCA AGC ACG ACU AAG AGC CUU
CUG AGC CCA GCG ACU UCU GAA
GGG CCC CUU GCA AAG UAA-3'
```

stop

IN VITRO EXPERIMENT

3 groups SH-SY5Y expressing FTL498InsTC:

- 1) Control group (AAV-PHP.eB-FTL498InsTC-shRNA scramble)
- 2) AAV-PHP.eB-FTL498InsTC-shRNA
- 3) AAV-PHP.eB-FTL498InsTC-shRNA + DFP

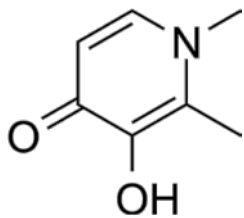
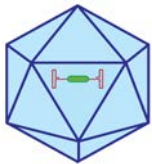


IN VIVO EXPERIMENT – 8 MONTH OLD TRANSGENIC MICE

GROUP 1:



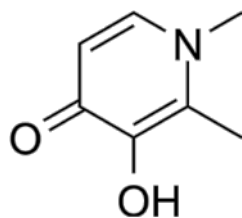
AAV-PHP.eB-
FTL498InsTC-shRNA +
chelator DFP



GROUP 2:



AAV-PHP.eB-
shRNA scramble +
chelator DFP



GROUP 3:



AAV-PHP.eB-
shRNA scramble +
saline



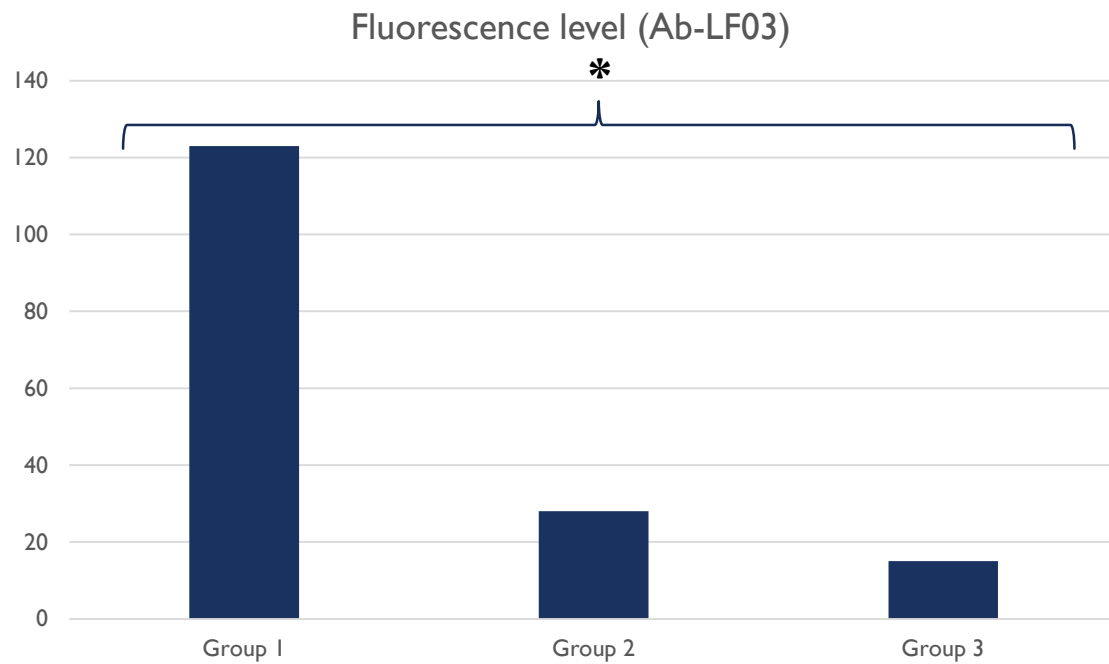
16 month old

Analysis:
immunohistochemistry

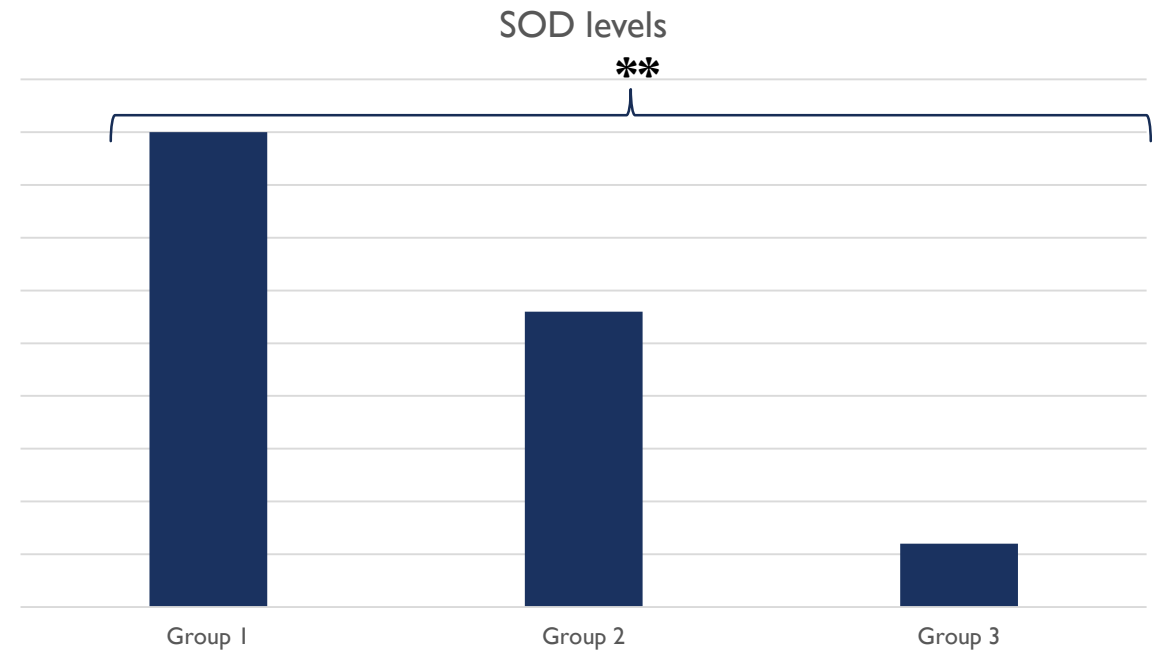
Behavioral test:
rotarod test



IN VITRO EXPERIMENT

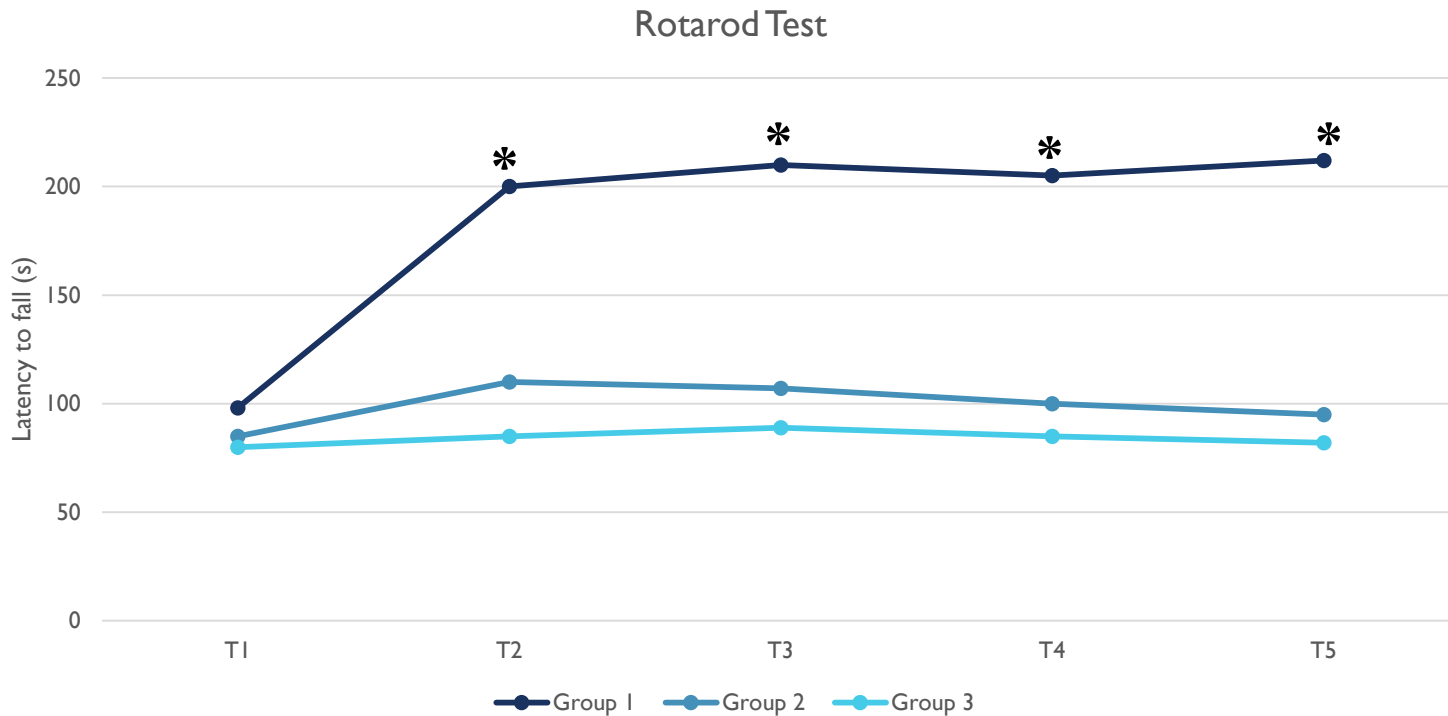


Ferritin analysis

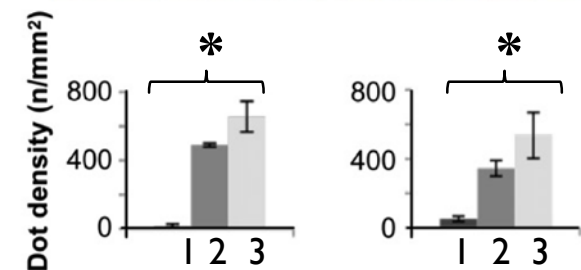
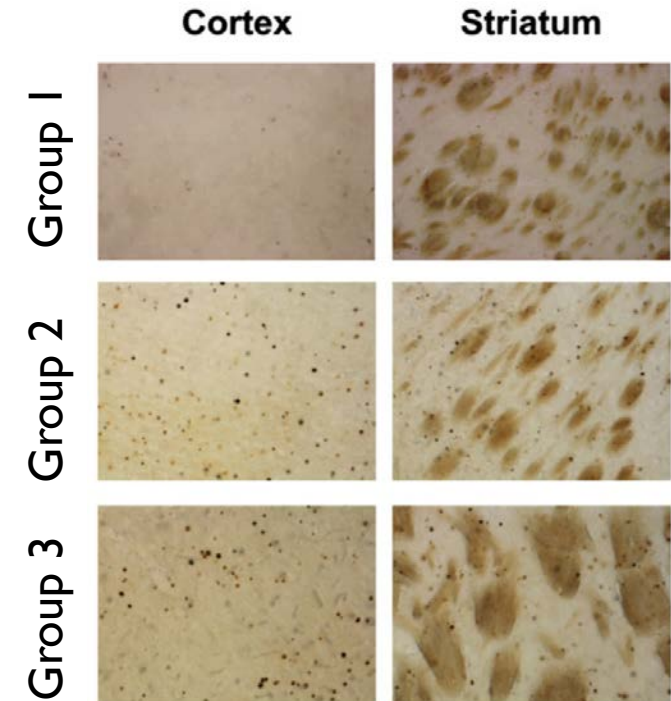


SOD analysis

EXPECTED RESULTS *IN VIVO* – 8 MONTHS OLD MICE



- **Group 1 (n=8):** AAV-PHP.eB-FTL498InsTC-shRNA+ DFP at 8 months.
- **Group 2 (n=8):** AAV-PHP.eB-shRNA scramble+ DFP at 8 months.
- **Group 3 (n=8):** AAV-PHP.eB-shRNA scramble only at 8 months.

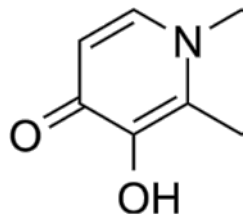
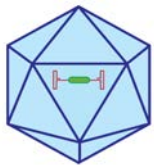


IN VIVO EXPERIMENT – 8 VS 12 MONTH OLD TRANSGENIC MICE

GROUP 1:
8 month old



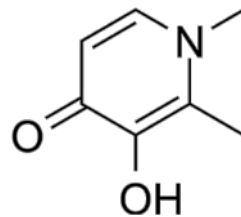
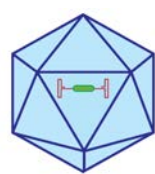
AAV-PHP.eB-
FTL498InsTC-shRNA +
chelator DFP



GROUP 2:
12 month old



AAV-PHP.eB-
FTL498InsTC-shRNA +
chelator DFP



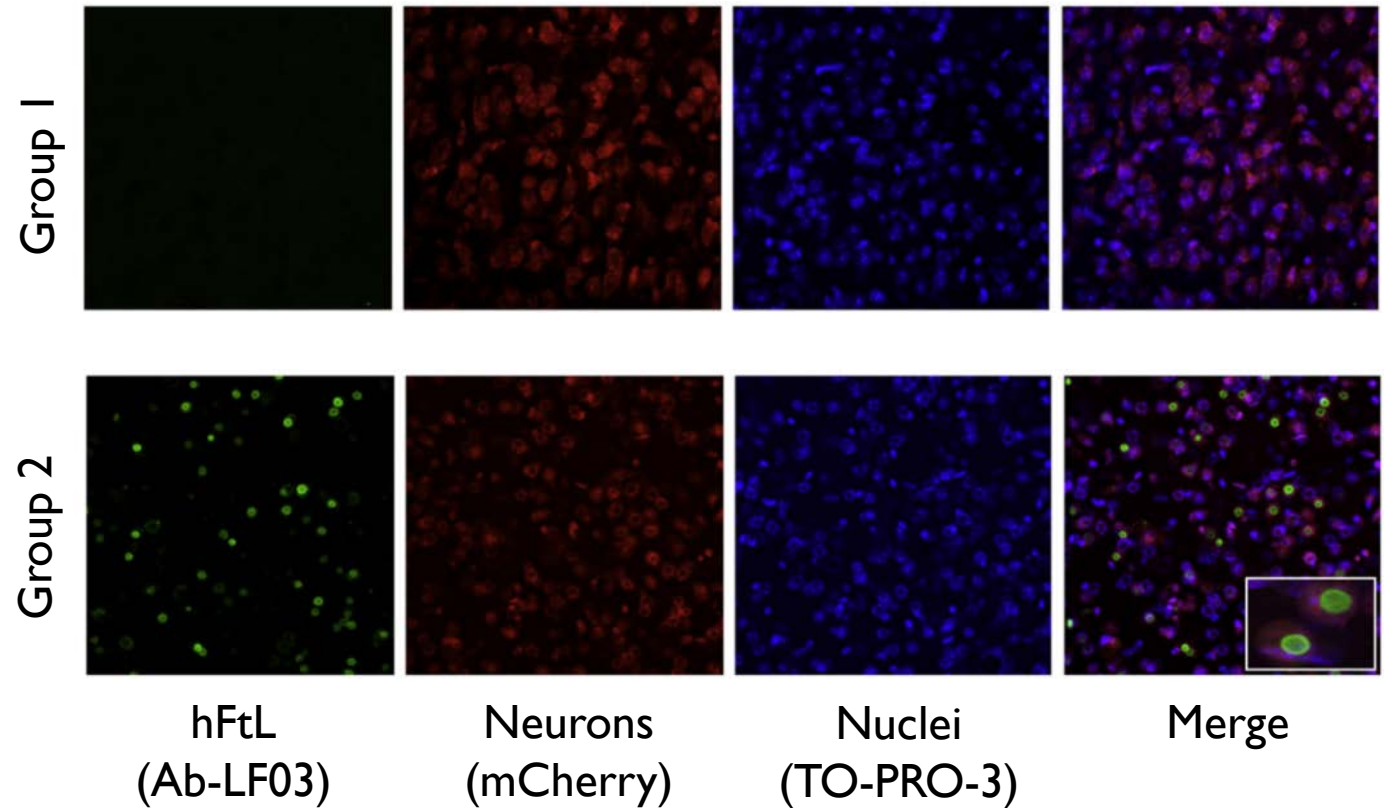
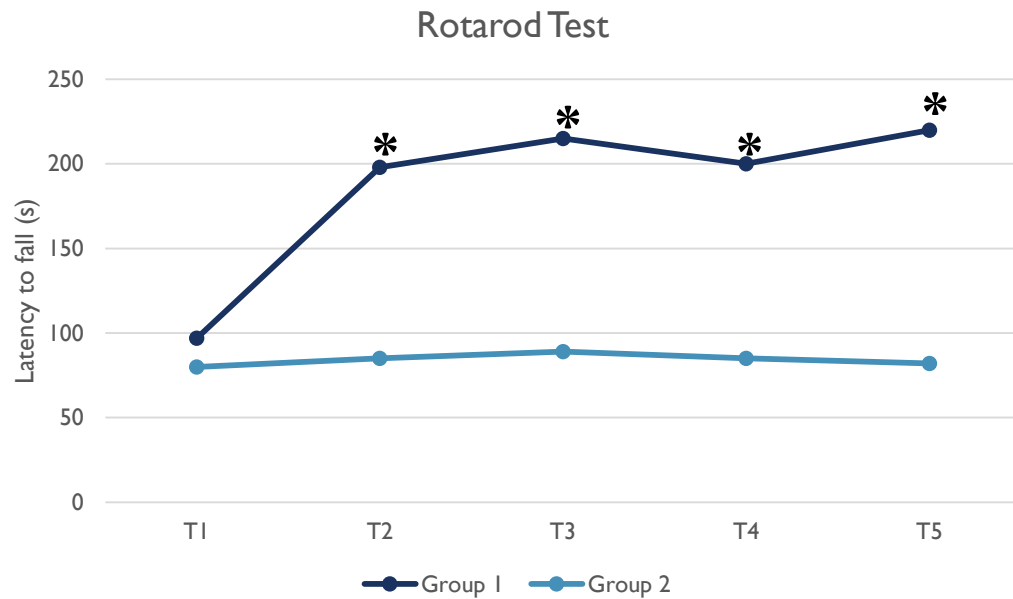
16 month old

Analysis:
Immunofluorescence

Behavioral test:
rotarod test



EXPECTED RESULTS *IN VIVO* – 8 VS 12 MONTHS OLD MICE



- **Group 1 (n=8):** AAV-PHP.eB-FTL498InsTC-shRNA+ DFP at 8 months
- **Group 2 (n=8):** AAV-PHP.eB-FTL498InsTC-shRNA+ DFP at 12 months

OUR CONCLUSIONS

- Gene therapy shows improvements in the level of **cytoplasmatic iron and ferritin inclusion bodies**.
- Combine drug treatment with DFP and gene therapy allows to **reduce neurodegeneration** and the appearance of symptoms, especially if treatment is started at a young age.



FUTURE PERSPECTIVES

- **Screening** on target progeny of NF patients.
- AAV-PHP.eB-shRNA+ DFP **before 30 years**.
- Annual controls.



PITFALLS

- Evaluate the **correct dosage** for treatment with **DFP** in a human gene therapy.
- NF is caused by more than **10 different mutations** on the FTL gene.



SOLUTIONS

- Analysis on an **heterologus population** to evaluate the correct dosage.
- Evaluate the **exact mutation** in the patient for a specific treatment

BUDGETS

In vitro	VIRAL VECTOR : € 1.020,86 SH-SY5Y FTL498InsTC: €972,75	
	IRON DEXTRAN : 100 ml 477 €	€ 2.470
In vivo	C57BL/6J-tg MOUSE: €1.549 (€ 30,98 x 50) VIRAL VECTOR = €11.538 (3x € 3.846) DAB: € 48,20 (1g) hFTL (Ab-LF03): €399 (150uL). TO-PRO: €550 (1mL). ROTAROD : € 398	€ 14.482
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RTD-A: €61 334 • RESEARCH FELLOW: €33.333 • PHD STUDENT : €50.667 (2 emp) • STATIONERY: €5.000 	€ 150.334

TOTAL:
€ 167.286

2 years



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